Earth's Climate: Past, Present and Future Fall Term - OLLI West - week 7 & 8 Paul Belanger

The economics/the solutions?

- 1. Economics
 - of doing nothing (solely adapting) vs. the economics of mitigation
 - Actual will likely be a combination
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The economics/the solutions? continued

- 5. Geoengineering:
 - Solar Radiation Management (SRM) and
 - Carbon Dioxide Removal (CDR)
- 6. Biochar vs. BECCS solutions SEE MY BIOCHAR LINK IN OTHER PAGES:

http://denverclimatestudygroup.com/?page_id=28

- 7. Efficiency the single quickest way to reduce:
 - What NREL is doing: Efficiency, Solar, wind, other
- 8. Other strategies:
 - CCL carbon fee/dividend
 - Cap and trade?
- 9. Gloom and Doom? NO! IT'S A CHALLENGE, and humanity has always been challenged and we are an adaptable species that has met the challenge over and over again!

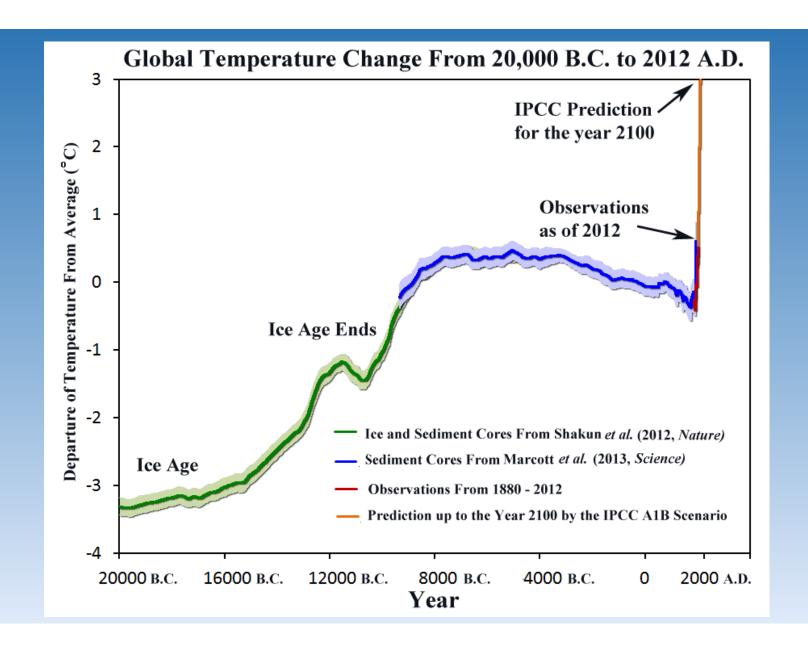
FIRST

- SURVEY
- Web site:
 - Week 6 the Anthropocene
 - Week 7 (and 8)
- A reading: Richard Alley's a Terrible shower transitions are not without difficulty but also with opportunity

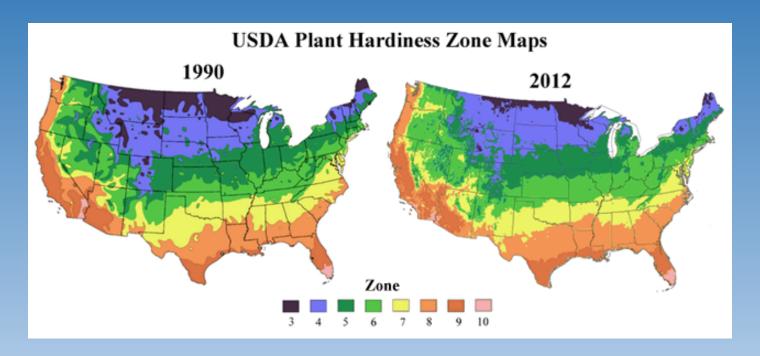
SECOND

- WHY I hope you are convinced
 - climate change is happening at an unprecedented rate
 - There are unknown implications of ocean acidification at these rates of change
 - There are economic repercussions due to sea level rise and increased incidents of severe weather

And to review the data



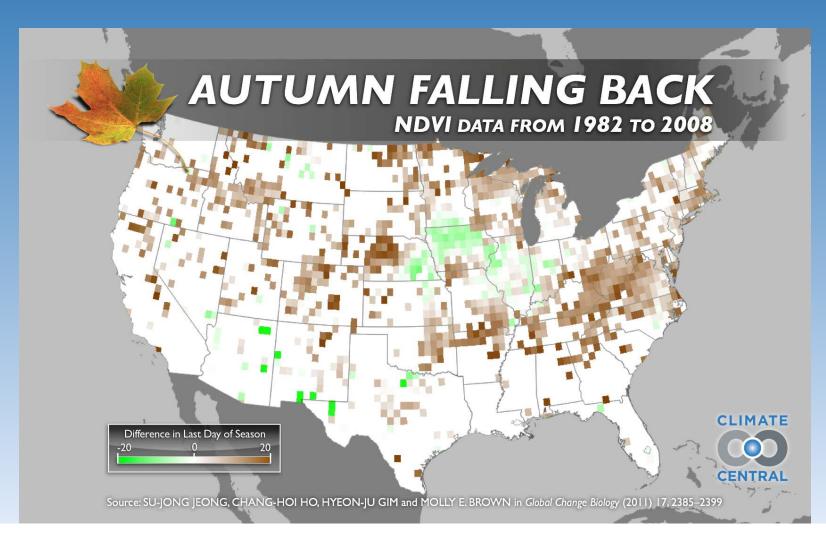
Plants and Animals are Responding to a Warming Climate

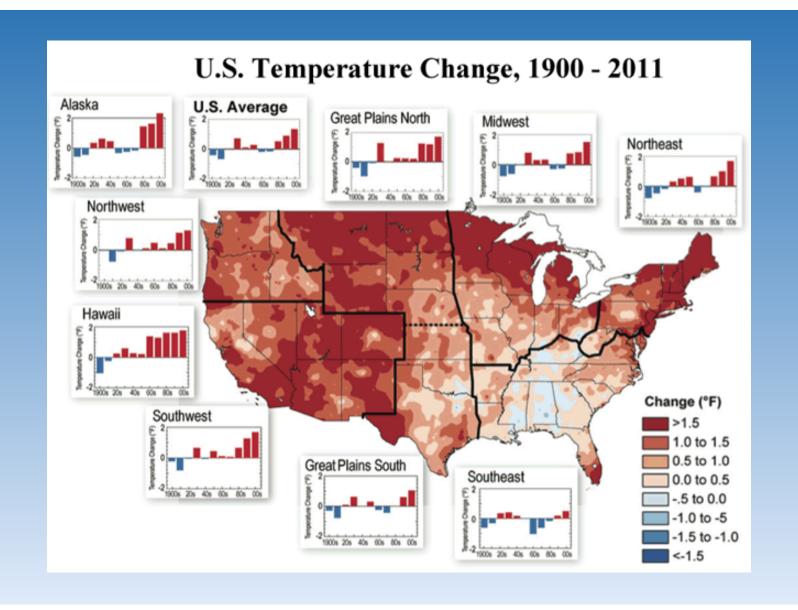


Spring is springing forward: Spring events, like bird and butterfly migrations, flower blooming times, and frog mating, have been advancing by about three days per decade over the past 30 years.

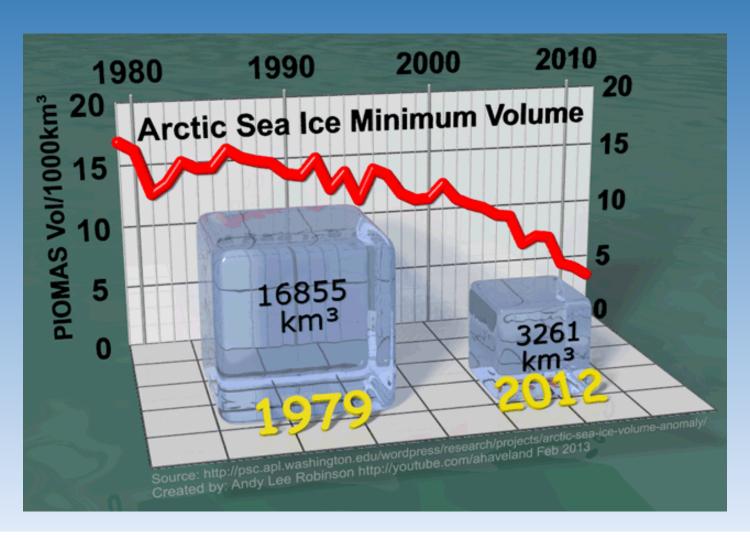
Source: Jeong et al., 2011, "Phenology shifts at start vs. end of growing season in temperate vegetation over the Northern Hemisphere for the period 1982–2008"

Fall is falling back: From 2000 - 2008, the end of the growing season was delayed by 2.3 days. In the U.S., fall now occurs ten days later than it did 30 years ago.

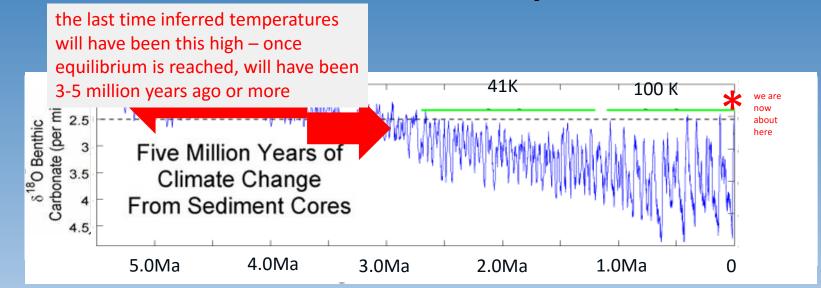




Arctic Sea Ice Volume has Shrunk by 5x; Extent by 2x

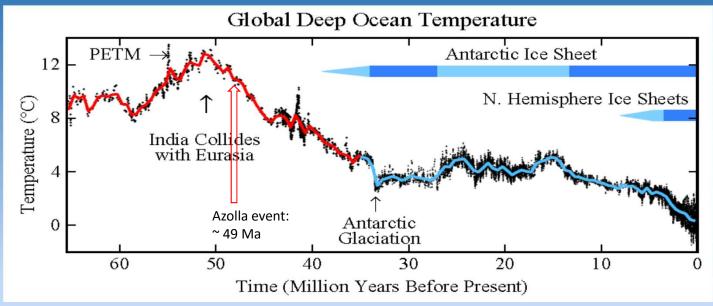


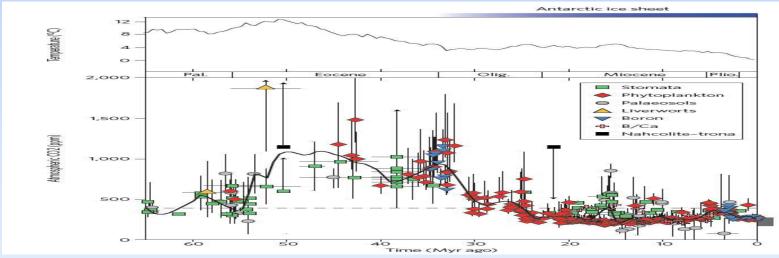
Climate Changes from Ocean Sediment Cores, since 5 Ma. Milankovitch Cycles



When CO₂ levels get below ~400-600 ppm Orbital parameters become more important than CO₂

DATA







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Economics

- See week 7 links, EEE links and AR5-WG2:
 - Economic related reports:
 - 2015 The Social Cost of Carbon study summary
 - 2007.03.18 Discount Rate and Climate Change DLC
 - Stern Report: <u>sternreview report complete</u>
 - Nordhaus briefly describes the "free rider" problem and his proffered solution as a lead-in to his recent review of the book, Climate Shock. Here's the link to the NY Review of Books website: http://www.nybooks.com/articles/archives/2015/jun/04/new-solution-climate-club/
 - In a different format, Nordhaus produced a 30-slide PowerPoint version for his Presidential address to the AEA last January. Available at http://carbon-price.com/wp-content/uploads/2015-01-04-Nordhaus-ClimateClubAEA-v2-slides.pdf
 - 2015-01-04-Nordhaus-ClimateClubAEA-v2-slides
 - MIT: GOOGLE LIST OF LINKS: https://scholar.google.com/scholar?q=mit+report+on+climate+change+economics&hl=en&as-sdt=0&as-vis=1&oi=scholart&sa=X&ved=0CBsQgQMwAGoVChMlkMfkl8i9yAlVSuJiCh1x7wKk
 - IPCC AR5 WG2: http://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar5/wg2/#.UuAsbxDn9hE

Notes

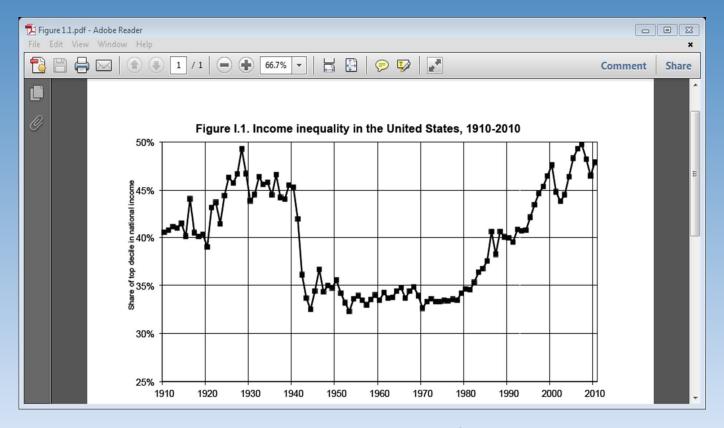
- Stern/Nordhaus promote support a high discount rate doing something NOW
- IPCC acknowledges adaptation will be a must (the change is in the bank and accumulating interest)
- Bjorn Lomborg Danish economist (not a denier) argues for spending later – i.e. no discount rate
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bj%C3%B8rn Lomborg
 - http://www.desmogblog.com/bjorn-lomborg
- Which leads to whether or not we need a paradigm shift (item 3)

But first

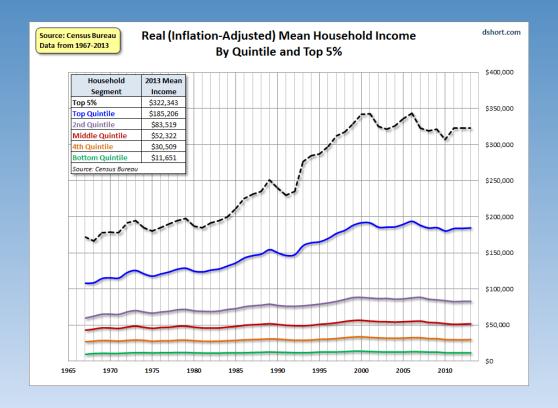
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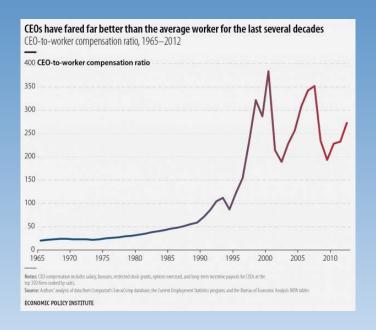
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Courtesy of Gary Wyngarden: Capitalism vs. the Planet



Courtesy of Gary Wyngarden: Capitalism vs. the Planet

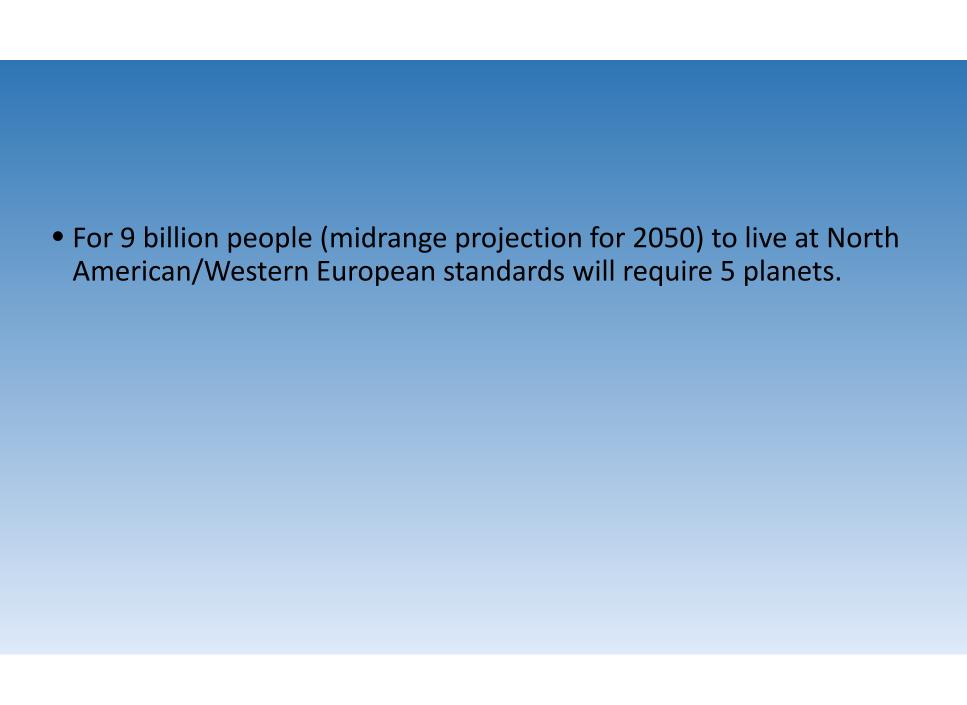


Courtesy of Gary Wyngarden: Capitalism vs. the Planet

Global Footprint

- Human activities consume resources and produce waste
- Ecological Footprint Accounting addresses whether the planet is large enough to keep up with the demands of humanity.
- Biocapacity represents the planet's biologically productive land areas including our forests, pastures, cropland and fisheries
- Biocapacity can then be compared with humanity's demand on nature: our <u>Ecological Footprint</u>. The Ecological Footprint represents the productive area required to provide the renewable resources humanity is using and to absorb its waste.

- Our current global situation: Since the 1970s, humanity has been in ecological <u>overshoot</u> with annual demand on resources exceeding what Earth can regenerate each year.
- It now takes the Earth one year and six months to regenerate what we use in a year.
- We maintain this overshoot by liquidating the Earth's resources.
 Overshoot is a vastly underestimated threat to human well-being and the health of the planet, and one that is not adequately addressed.



Drawbacks of Capitalism

- Wealth and Income Distribution
- Largely ignoring the ecological impacts and biocapacity of the planet

Growth Dilemma

- Growth is unsustainable in its current form
- De-growth is unstable

Obama quoted in episode of Years of Living
Dangerously (paraphrased): "It's difficult in a
Democracy to do something/pass something where
the pay-back is 10 or more years out"

The solution: steady state economics?

- Herman Daly's steady state economics see:
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Herman Daly
 - http://steadystate.org/herman-daly/
 - http://steadystate.org/category/herman-daly/

The problem: how to effect that change

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Need for a paradigm shift

- Kerry Emanuel quote on p. 76: "...costs may be high and those paying them are not likely to be serious beneficiaries of their own actions. Indeed, there are few, if any, historical examples of civilizations consciously making sacrifices on behalf of descendents (sic) two or more generations removed."
- That's what the discount rate is about. In that regard we need a social paradigm shift
 - If we are so concerned about leaving a national debt to our children and grandchildren, shouldn't we put the costs of climate change as part of that equation?
 - For those that don't accept climate change maybe it would be a good thing to limit CO2 into the atmosphere anyway, especially at the rates we are putting it into the atmosphere – BECAUSE OF OCEAN ACIDIFICATION issues and the law of unintended consequences!

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Renewables:

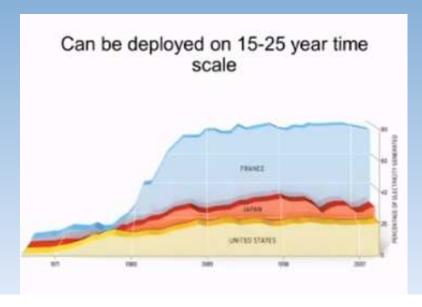
- Photovoltaics (PV)
- Concentrated solar power (CSP)
- Wind
- Geothermal
 - Ground source
 - Deep thermal

Hawaii becomes First State to Mandate 100% Renewable Energy.

See NREL slides for more details: http://denverclimatestudygroup.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/04/OSHER-10.14.15.pdf

Other energy to consider?

- Non Carbon based: Nuclear
 - Controversial
 - Need national policy change on reprocessing
 - See Kerry video at 56 minutes for discussion and conclusions thereafter: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7so8GRCWA1k



However – big game changers?

- Energy from fusion
- Mitigation in the form of carbon dioxide removal (CDR), agricultural changes and biofuels

Lockheed Martin Compact Fusion breakthrough?

- http://www.lockheedmartin.com/us/p roducts/compact-fusion.html
- http://aviationweek.com/blog/highhopes-can-compact-fusion-unlocknew-power-space-and-air-transport
- http://aviationweek.com/fusionpodcast



Biochar

- See week 7, 2014
 http://denverclimatestudygroup.com/?page_id=776
- And biochar tab: http://denverclimatestudygroup.com/?page_id=28



• https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Biochar



The rest – next week, week 8